Client's ref.: 91208/ TopTeam

File: 0548-9825 US/final/Peggy/Kevin

## What is claimed is:

1. A method for evaluating overlay registration,
 2 comprising:

forming a first pattern on a wafer by photolithography with a first reticle having a first reticle pattern thereon;

forming a photoresist layer on the wafer;

patterning the photoresist layer to form a second pattern by photolithography with a second reticle having a second reticle pattern thereon;

measuring deviations between the first and second patterns on the wafer along X, Y, or X and Y axes;

calibrating a scaling value and an overlay offset of
the deviations to obtain an overlay
registration value; and

determining whether the registration value is out of specification.

- 2. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first and second reticle patterns are patterns for active regions, gate layers, deep trenches for capacitors, contact openings, bit line openings or a layer of interconnection.
- 3. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the deviations of the wafer are measured with a critical dimension scanning electron microscope (CD-SEM) from the top thereof.

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- 4. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first/second pattern is formed by transferring the first/second reticle pattern step-and-repeatedly onto the wafer/photoresist layer A times, resulting in the first/second pattern consisting of A transferred patterns.
- 5. The method as claimed in claim 4, wherein deviations between the first and second patterns are measured by selecting B transferred patterns from the A transferred patterns for measurement with  $B \le A$ .
- 6. The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the first/second pattern consisting of A transferred patterns is rectangular and the B transferred patterns are selected from transferred patterns on the four corners and center of the first/second pattern.
- 7. The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the deviations along X or Y axis are calculated by the steps of:
  - selecting a plurality of points from each of the B transferred patterns along X or Y axis; and measuring the deviations between the first and second patterns on the selective points.
- 8. The method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the points selected along X-axis are selected from N points in M rows along X axis of each selected transferred pattern, and the points selected along Y axis are

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selected from Q points in P columns along Y axis of each selected transferred pattern.

- 9. The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the scaling value is a slope (S) obtained by linear regression of the deviations of the N point in each row along X axis, or a slope (S) obtained by linear regression of the deviations of the Q point on each column along Y axis.
- 10. The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the overlay offset of each selected row or column is an average value of the deviations with scaling calibration.
- 11. The method as claimed in claim 9, wherein determination of whether the registration value is out of specification is calculated by a statistical method.
- 12. The method for evaluating overlay registration, comprising:
  - forming a first pattern on a wafer by photolithography with a first reticle having a first reticle pattern thereon;
- forming an anti-reflection layer on the wafer
- forming a photoresist layer on the anti-reflection layer;
  - patterning the photoresist layer and the antireflection layer to form a second pattern by
    photolithography with a second reticle having a
    second reticle pattern thereon;
- removal of the anti-reflection layer from the second pattern;

measuring deviation between the first and second

patterns on the wafer along X, Y or X and Y

axes;

- calibrating a scaling value and an overlay offset of the deviations to obtain an overlay registration value; and
- determining whether the registration value is out of specification.
  - 13. The method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the first and second reticle patterns are patterns of active regions, gate layers, deep trenches for capacitors, contact openings, bit line openings or a layer of interconnection.
  - 14. The method as claimed in claim 13, wherein the deviations of the wafer are measured with a critical dimension scanning electron microscope (CD-SEM) from the top thereof.
  - 15. The method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the first/second pattern is formed by transferring the first/second reticle pattern step-and-repeatedly onto the wafer/photoresist layer A times, resulting in the first/second pattern consisting of A transferred patterns.
  - 16. The method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the deviations between the first and second patterns are measured by selecting B transferred patterns from the A transferred patterns for measurement with  $B \le A$ .

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- 17. The method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the first/second pattern consisting of the A transferred patterns is rectangular and the B transferred patterns are selected from transferred patterns on the four corners and center of the first/second pattern.
- 18. The method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the deviations along X or Y axis is calculated by the steps of:
  - selecting a plurality of points from each of the B transferred patterns along X- or Y-axis; and measuring the deviations between the first and second patterns on the selective points.
- 19. The method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the points selected along X-axis are selected from N points in M rows along X-axis of each selected transferred pattern, and the points along Y-axis from Q points in P columns along Y-axis of each selected transferred pattern.
- The method as claimed in claim 19, wherein the is a slope (S) obtained value by regression of the deviations of the N point on each row slope along X-axis, (S) obtained or а bv regression of the deviations of the Q point on each column along Y axis.
- 21. The method as claimed in claim 20, wherein the overlay offset of each selected row or column is an average value of the deviations with scaling calibration.

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T	22. The method as claimed in claim 12, wherein
2	determination of whether the registration value is out of
3	specification is calculated by a statistical method.
1	23. A method for fabricating a wafer sample for
2	inspection of a critical dimension scanning electron
3 ·	microscope (CD-SEM), comprising the steps of:
4	forming a first pattern on a wafer by a first
5	reticle;
6	forming a photoresist layer on the wafer; and
7	patterning the photoresist layer to form a second
8	pattern with a second reticle, thereby forming
9	a wafer sample for CD-SEM inspection.
1	24. A method for fabricating a wafer sample for
2	inspection by a critical dimension scanning electron
3	microscope (CD-SEM), comprising the steps of:
4 .	forming a first pattern on a wafer by a first
5	reticle;
6	forming a photoresist layer on the wafer;
7	forming an anti-reflection layer on the photoresist
8	layer;
9	patterning the anti-reflection layer and the
10	photoresist layer to form a second pattern with
11	a second reticle;
12	removal of the anti-reflection layer from the second
13	pattern, thereby forming a wafer sample for CD-
14	SEM inspection.